

#### IEEE Nuclear Science Symposium and Medical Imaging Conference Short Course

### **Simulation Techniques Using Geant4**

Maria Grazia Pia (*INFN Genova, Italy*) MariaGrazia.Pia@ge.infn.it

Dresden, 18 October 2008

http://www.ge.infn.it/geant4/events/nss2008/geant4course.html

This course exploits training material developed by several Geant4 Collaboration members: thanks to all of them!



Geant4 Course - M. G. Pia

### Introduction

Basic concepts of simulation with Geant4 a s a general purpose Monte Carlo toolkit



Geant4 Course – M. G. Pia

# The role of simulation

- Simulation plays a fundamental role in various domains and phases of an experimental physics project
  - design of the experimental set-up
  - evaluation and definition of the potential physics output of the project
  - evaluation of potential risks to the project
  - assessment of the performance of the experiment
  - development, test and optimisation of reconstruction and physics analysis software
  - contribution to the calculation and validation of physics results
- The scope of these lectures (and of Geant4) encompasses the simulation of the passage of particles through matter
  - there are other kinds of simulation components, such as *physics event generators*, *electronics response* generation, etc.
  - often the simulation of a complex experiment consists of several of these components interfaced to one another

### **Detector Simulation - General**

• General characteristics of a detector simulation system

- You specify the set-up of an experimental system
- Then the software system automatically transports the particle you shoot into the defined system by simulating their interactions in matter based on the Monte Carlo method
- The heart of the simulation: the Monte Carlo method
  - A method to search for solutions to a mathematical problem using statistical sampling with random numbers

### Basic requirements for a simulation system

- Modeling the experimental set-up
- Tracking particles through matter
- Interaction of particles with matter
- Modeling the detector response
- Run and event control
- Accessory utilities (random number generators, PDG particle information etc.)
- Interface to event generators
- Visualisation of the set-up, tracks and hits
- User interface
- Persistency



EGS4, EGS5, EGSnrc Geant3, Geant4 MARS MCNP, MCNPX, A3MCNP, MCNP-DSP, MCNP4B MVP, MVP-BURN Penelope Peregrine Tripoli-3, Tripoli-3 A, Tripoli-4

...and I probably forgot some more

DPM EA-MC FLUKA GEM HERMES IAHFT MCBEND MCU MF3D NMTC MONK MORSE RTS&T-2000 SCALE TRAX VMC++

Monte Carlo codes presented at the MC200 Conference, Lisbon, October 2000 Geant 4

## What can Geant4 do for you?

- Transports a particle step-by-step by taking into account the interactions with materials and external electromagnetic fields, until the particle
  - loses its kinetic energy to zero,
  - disappears by an interaction,
  - comes to the end of the simulation volume
- Provides a way for the user to interact with the transportation process and access the simulation results
  - at the beginning and end of transportation
  - at the end of each step in transportation
  - at the time when the particle is in the sensitive volume of the apparatus
  - etc.

# What should you do for Geant4?

- Three essential pieces information you must provide:
  - Geometrical and material description of the detector
  - Choice of physics processes
  - Kinematical information of the primary particles to be tracked
- Auxiliary matter you could provide, if you wish:
  - Magnetic and electric field
  - Actions you want to take when you access particle transportation
  - Actions you want to take when a particle goes into a sensitive volume of the detector
  - etc.

# Minimum computing background knowledge to use Geant4

#### • C++

- Geant4 is implemented in C++, therefore a basic knowledge of C++ is required
- C++ is a complex language, but you are not required to be a C++ expert to use Geant4

#### Object Oriented Technology

- basic concepts
- in-depth knowledge needed only for the development of complex applications

#### • Unix/Linux

- it is a standard working environment for Geant4, therefore a minimum knowledge/experience is required
  - How to use basic Unix command
  - How to compile a C++ code

#### • Windows

- You can use Visual C++
- Though still you need some knowledge of Unix (cygwin) for installation
- Beware: like most Geant4 developers, I never used Geant4 on Windows!