

Geant 4

*IEEE Nuclear Science Symposium and Medical Imaging Conference
Short Course*

Simulation Techniques Using Geant4

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<http://www.ge.infn.it/geant4/events/nss2008/geant4course.html>

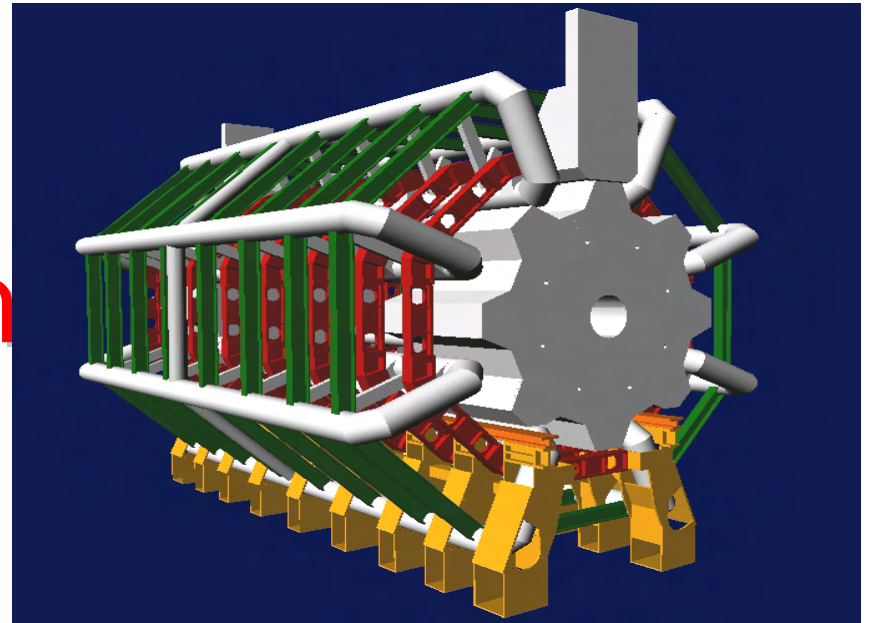
This course exploits training material developed by several Geant4
Collaboration members: thanks to all of them!

Visualisation

Basic functionality

PART I

Geant4 visualisation



. Introduction

- Geant4 **Visualisation** must respond to varieties of **user requirements**
 - Quick response to **survey** successive events
 - Impressive special effects for **demonstration**
 - **High-quality output** to prepare journal papers
 - Flexible camera control for **debugging geometry**
 - Highlighting overlapping of physical volumes
 - Interactive picking of visualised objects

Visualisable Objects

- Simulation data you would like to see:
 - Detector **components**
 - A hierarchical structure of physical volumes
 - A piece of physical volume, logical volume, and solid
 - Particle **trajectories** and tracking steps
 - Hits of particles in detector components
- Visualisation is performed either with **commands** (macro or interactive) or by **writing C++** source codes of user-action classes

Visualisable Objects

- You can also visualize other **user-defined objects** such as:
 - A **polyline**, that is, a set of successive line segments
 - (example: coordinate axes)
 - A **marker** which marks an arbitrary 3D position
 - (example: eye guides)
 - Text
 - character strings for description
 - comments or titles ...

Visualization Attributes

- Necessary for visualization, but **not included** in **geometrical** information
 - **Colour**, visibility, forced-wireframe style, etc
 - A set of visualisation attributes is held by the class **G4VisAttributes**
- A **G4VisAttributes** object is assigned to a visualisable object (e.g. a **logical volume**) with its method `SetVisAttributes()` :

```
myVolumeLogical
```

```
->SetVisAttributes (G4VisAttributes::Invisible)
```

Assigning G4VisAttributes to a logical volume

- Class **G4LogicalVolume** holds a pointer of **G4VisAttributes**
- Access functions of **G4LogicalVolume**
 - `SetVisAttributes (const G4VisAttributes* pva)`

- For instance:

```
G4Colour brown(0.7, 0.4, 0.1);
```

```
G4VisAttributes* copperVisAttributes = new  
G4VisAttributes(brown);
```

```
copper_liquid_log
```

```
->SetVisAttributes(copperVisAttributes);
```

logical
volume

Visualisation Drivers

- **Visualization drivers** are interfaces of Geant4 to 3D graphics software
- You can select your **favorite one(s)** depending on your **purposes** such as
 - Demo
 - Preparing precise figures for journal papers
 - Publication of results on Web
 - Debugging geometry
 - etc.

Available Graphics Software

Geant4 provides **several visualization drivers** tailored to different purposes:

- **DAWN** : Technical High-quality PostScript output
- **OPACS**: Interactivity, unified GUI
- **OpenGL**: Quick and flexible visualisation
- **OpenInventor**: Interactivity, virtual reality, etc
- **RayTracer** : Photo-realistic rendering
- **VRML**: Interactivity, 3D graphics on Web
- ...

Available Visualisation Drivers

- DAWN → Fukui Renderer DAWN
- OPENGLX → OpenGL with Xlib
- HepRep → HepRep graphics
- OIX → OpenInventor with Xlib
- RayTracer → JPEG files
- VRML → VRML 1.0/2.0
- Etc.

How to Use Visualization Drivers

- Visualization should be switched on using the variable `G4VIS_USE`
- You can select/use visualisation driver(s) by setting environmental variables before compilation, according to what is installed on your computer:
 - `setenv G4VIS_USE_DRIVERNAME 1`
- **Example** (DAWN, OpenGLXlib, and VRML drivers):
 - `setenv G4VIS_USE_DAWN 1`
 - `setenv G4VIS_USE_OPENGLX 1`
 - `setenv G4VIS_USE_VRML 1`

main() Function

To have a Geant4 executable able to **handle visualization**, you have two choices:

- Instantiate and initialize **your own Visualization Manager** in the `main()`
 - It must inherit from `G4VisManager` and implement the `void RegisterGraphicSystem()` method
- (Easier) Use the **G4VisExecutive class** available in Geant4.
 - It must be instantiated and initialized in the `main()` program

main() Function

```
//----- C++ source codes: Instantiation and  
initialization of G4VisManager in main()
```

Includes the
G4VisExecutive class

```
#include "G4VisExecutive.hh"
```

```
// Instantiation and initialization of the Visualization  
Manager
```

```
#ifdef G4VIS_USE
```

Instantiate and initialize
the Visualization Manager if
G4VIS_USE is "true"

```
G4VisManager* visManager =  
new G4VisExecutive;
```

```
visManager -> initialize();
```

```
#endif
```

Don't forget to **delete** the pointer to
G4VisExecutive at the end of main()

```
#ifdef G4VIS_USE
```

```
delete visManager;
```

```
#endif
```

Visualisation commands

- There are some frequently-used built-in **visualization commands** in Geant4, that you may like to try

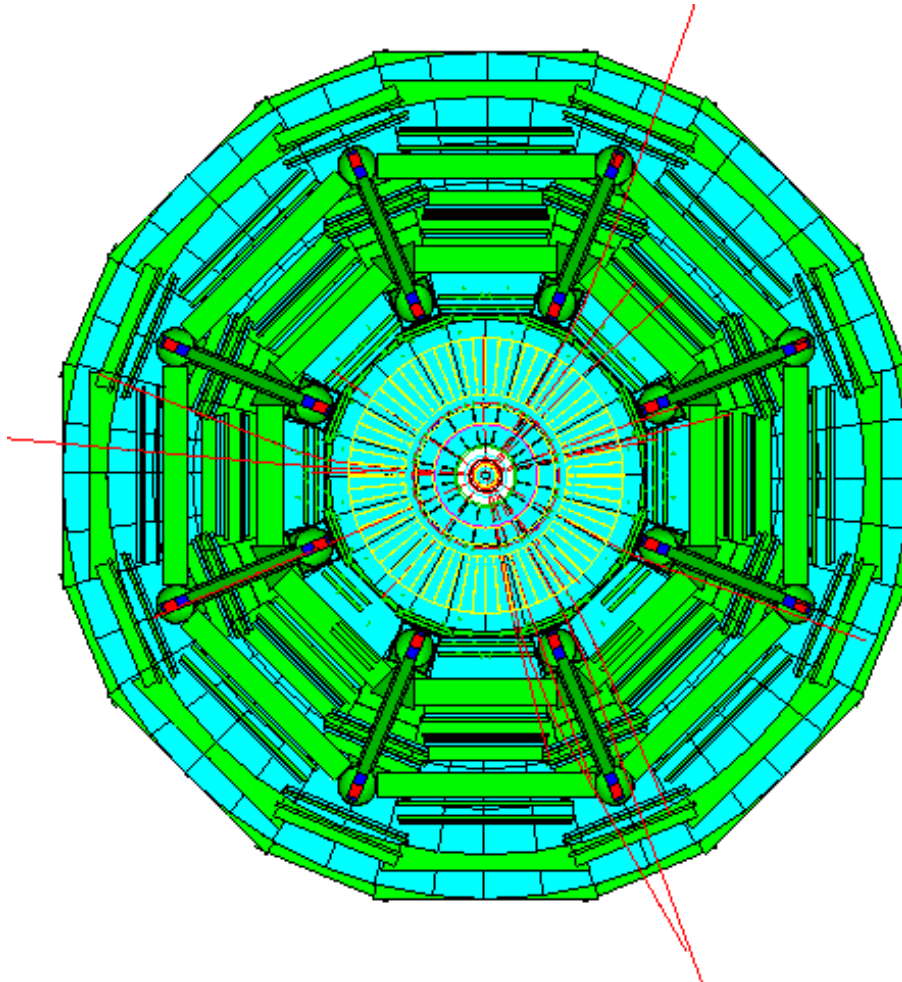
- Setting environment variables

```
- setenv G4VIS_USE_DAWN      1
- setenv G4VIS_USE_OPENGLX  1
- setenv G4VIS_USE_VRML
- 1
```

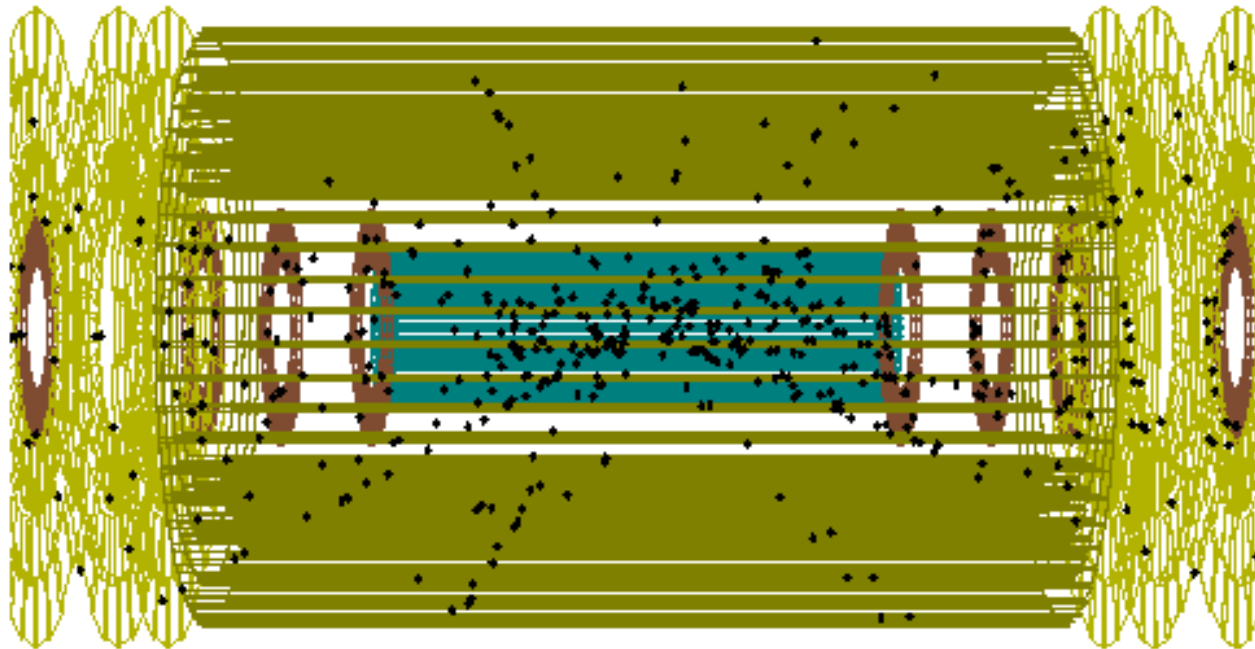
- Examples

```
/vis/drawVolume
/vis/viewer/flush
/vis/viewer/viewpointThetaPhi 70 20
/vis/viewer/set/style wireframe
```

Sample Visualization



Sample Visualization



Sample Visualization

