

Geant 4



Gamma Ray Satellites Simulations with Geant4

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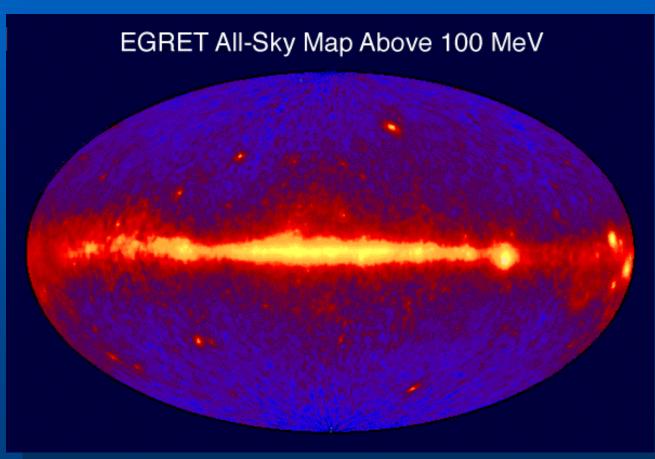
Thanks to B.Ferrero Merlino⁵, R.Nartallo⁶, P.Nieminen⁶, A.Pfeiffer⁵, M.G.Pia⁷

- (1) University of Udine and INFN, Trieste (2) University and INFN Trieste
- (3) University Cordoba (Argentina) (4) University and INFN Ferrara
- (5) CERN (6) ESA/ESTEC (7) INFN, Genova

Outline

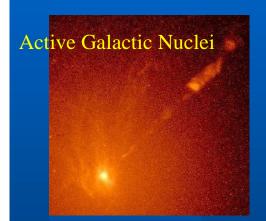
- Gamma Ray Satellites Science and Requirements
 - AGILE
 - GLAST
 - ARGO
- GammaRayTel Advanced example (a real training tool)
 - Geometry and Physics
 - Visualisation
 - Histogramming
 - User Interface
- Satellites Simulation
 - XML detector description
 - Physics Processes Extensions & Validation

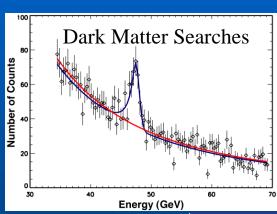
High Energy Gamma Ray Astrophysics

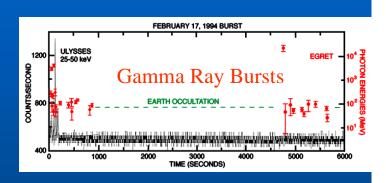


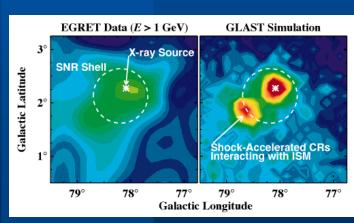
Geant4 Workshop – Genova 05 july 2001

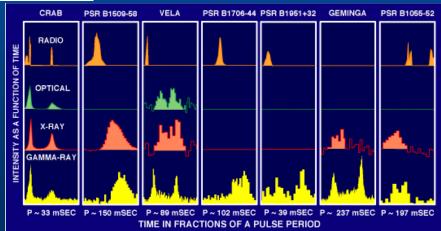
High Energy Gamma Ray Astrophysics











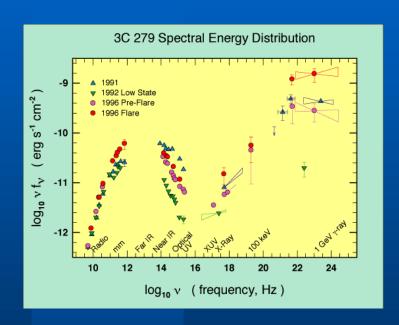
Supernova Remnants

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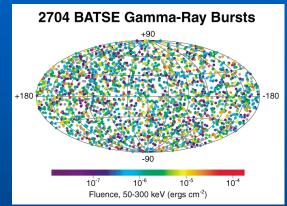
Pulsars

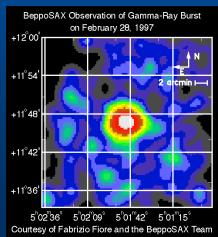
Multiwavelenght Observations

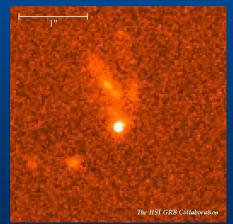
GRB puzzle



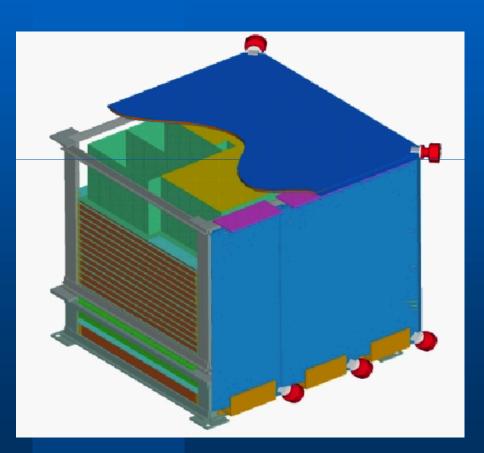
AGN wide band spectrum





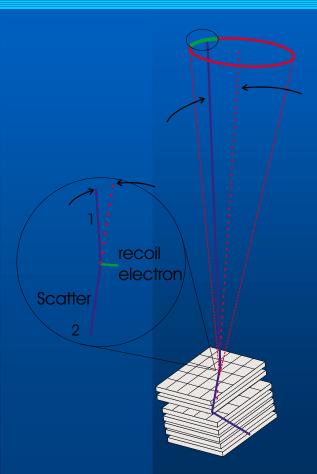


AGILE



- Pair Conversion Telescope
- Coded Mask Imaging System
- 10 40 keV
- 30 MeV 50 GeV
- Very wide Field of View
- Reaction to transients
- ASI first Small Scientific Mission (2003 – 2006)

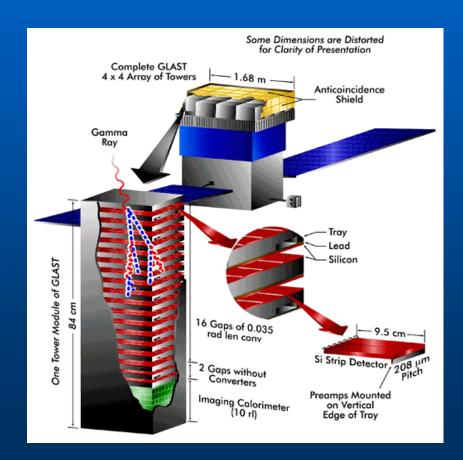
ARGO



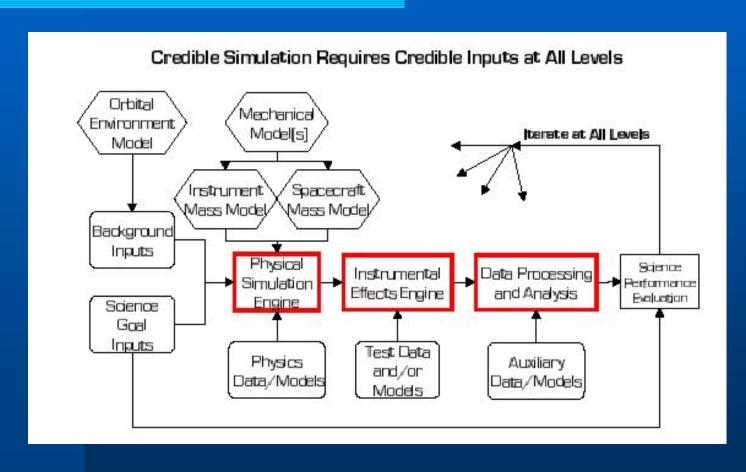
- Proposal to Argentina National Agency for Scientific and Technological Development
- Payload weight (40-60 kg ~ AGILE)
- Power 60 W
- Use of Silicon Detectors
- Measurements of Polarization from Gamma Rays

GLAST

- Pair Conversion Telescope
- Gamma Ray Burst Monitor
- •30 MeV 50 GeV
- Very wide Field of View
- Spectral Coverage GRB
- International Collaboration (USA, France, Sweden, Japan, England, Italy, Germany)
- Launch date 2006



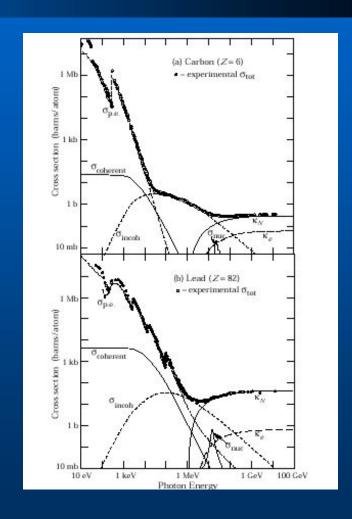
Simulations for Space Detectors



Geant4 and Space Applications

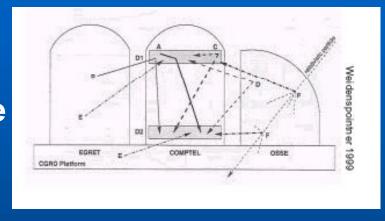
- Source detection
- Different energy bands
- Several mechanisms
- Different detectors

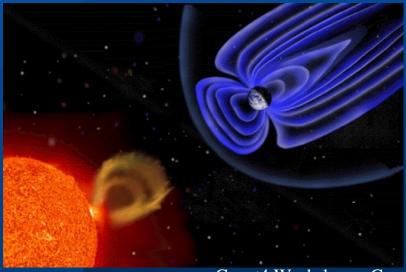
Design and optimisation of satellites

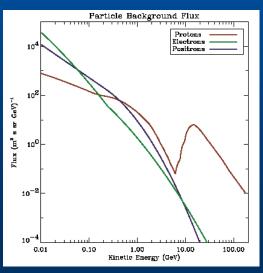


Geant4 and Space Applications

- Background Simulation
- Different sources (radioactive decay, cosmic origin, detector noise, ...)





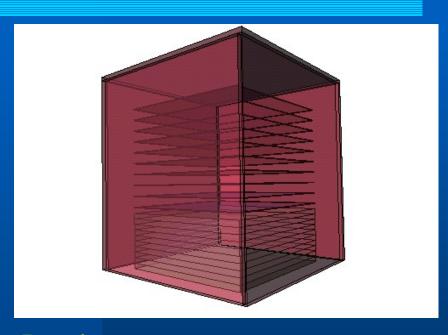


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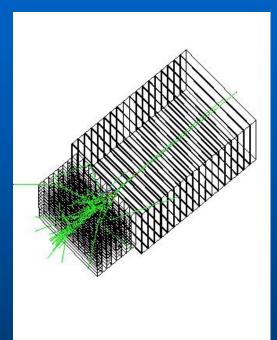
GammaRayTel example

- Advanced examples in the Geant4 toolkit (since release 3.0)
- Properties
 - Advanced features of Geant4 toolkit
 - Features of the Low Energy
 Electromagnetic processes in Geant4
 - Reliability of Geant4 in a space environment application

Geometry and Physics for GammaRayTel



Lead converter
Si detectors (400 µm)
CsI calorimeter
Plastic anticoincidence



Gamma Conversion
Electron Tracking
Multiple Scattering
Delta-ray production
Charged particle tracking

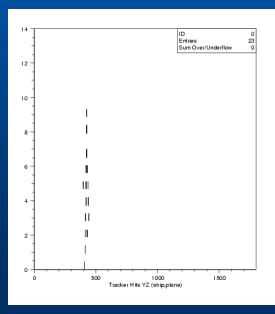
Visualisation, Histogramming, UI

Graphical drivers

- OpenGL, VRML, DAWN
- Histogramming using AIDA Lizard
 - 1d and 2d histograms
 - Messenger to choose modality

UI

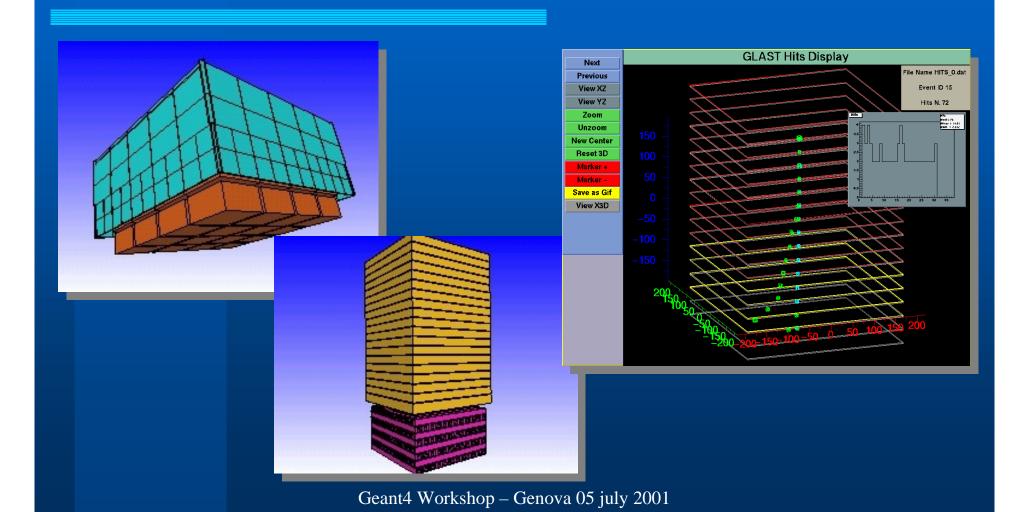
- Possibility to modify geometry and materials
- Source generation algoritmhs
- G4 user interface capabilities
- Histograms operations



XML and Detector Description

- GLAST collaboration has adopted the XML language for detector description
- In house DTD (derived by ATLAS one, but with a lot of modifications)
- In house C++ package to interface to the XML file
 - Lot of clients for this package
 - GEANT4
 - VRML
 - Event Display
 - Others ...

XML



G4 Simulation Activities

- Physics Validation & Extensions
 - Polarised Processes
 - Test Beam Comparisons
- Integration
 - Migration from G3 simulation (AGILE)
 - G4 client for XML
 - GAUDI framework

Conclusions

- High Energy Astroparticle Physics
 - HEP and Astrophysics Communities

